01 Prospects of stagnating donor funding

The amount currently spent on contraceptive supplies across Asian FP2020 countries is $736 million. If spending stays at current levels while the number of women using contraception grows, a funding gap will emerge. By 2020, there will be a gap of $44.3 million. In 2025, the gap will grow to $69.4 million, and over 5 years (2021-2025), it will reach $297 million.

02 Distinct landscapes between the public and private sectors

There are a total of 251 million users of contraception in Asian FP2020 countries. Overall, 60% receive their method from public sector sources while 40% receive their method from private sector sources. The graph to the right shows how these users distribute by sector and method. We often see pronounced differences in the methods women receive from public and private sector sources, suggesting that the two are not interchangeable.

03 The role of subsidies in the private sector

CGA 2019 breaks new ground by setting aside the distinctions between social marketing and commercial sectors, focusing instead on the supplies themselves: whether they are sold at a commercial price, or if they benefit from some sort of public sector subsidy. Of the 100 million users of contraception in Asian FP2020 countries who obtain supplies from private sector entities, 86% purchase non-subsidized supplies. The role of subsidy often varies by method as shown in the graph to the left.
04 Differences in the distribution of users and costs

The total consumption cost of contraceptive supplies in Asian FP2020 countries is currently $760 million.

Because consumption cost is not simply a function of use, there are often stark differences in the method mix of users and the method mix of costs as shown in the graph to the left. This is due to a number of factors, including differences in the number of units per year of each method a user must consume; differences in costs between methods; and differences in cost for each method from country to country.

05 Significant yet uneven growth in the decade ahead

CGA 2019 does not attempt to predict future changes, but rather show where things would be if current trends persist.

By the year 2020, there will be 261 million users of contraception living in Asian FP2020 countries. According to current trends, that number will reach 296 million by 2030, an increase of 34.3 million users.

As the total number of users changes, so too will the costs. In 2020, the cost of supplies in Asian FP2020 countries will be $781 million. That figure will reach $812 million by 2030, an increase of $31.6 million.

Includes 22 countries: Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Cambodia, India, Indonesia, Iraq, Korea DPR, Kyrgyzstan, Lao PDR, Mongolia, Myanmar, Nepal, Pakistan, Palestine, Philippines, Sri Lanka, Tajikistan, Timor-Leste, Uzbekistan, Vietnam, Yemen

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