01 Prospects of stagnating donor funding

The amount currently spent on contraceptive supplies across UNFPA’s 46 priority countries is $299 million.

If spending stays at current levels while the number of women using contraception grows a funding gap will emerge...

- $71.5 million by 2020
- $171 million in 2025
- $653 million over 5 years (2021-2025)

02 Distinct landscapes between the public and private sectors

There are a total of 65.4 million users of contraception in UNFPA’s 46 priority countries. Overall 62% receive their method from public sector sources while 38% receive their method from private sector sources.

The graph to the right shows how these users distribute by sector and method. We often see pronounced differences in the methods women receive from public and private sector sources, suggesting that the two are not interchangeable.

03 The role of subsidies in the private sector

CGA 2019 breaks new ground by setting aside the distinctions between social marketing and commercial sectors, focusing instead on the supplies themselves: whether they are sold at a commercial price, or if they benefit from some sort of public sector subsidy.

Of the 24.9 million users of contraception in UNFPA’s 46 priority countries who obtain supplies from private sector entities, 57% purchase non-subsidized supplies. The role of subsidy often varies by method as shown in the graph to the left.
04 Differences in the distribution of users and costs

The total consumption cost of contraceptive supplies in UNFPA’s 46 priority countries is currently $332 million.

Because consumption cost is not simply a function of use, there are often stark differences in the method mix of users and the method mix of costs as shown in the graph to the left. This is due to a number of factors, including differences in the number of units per year of each method a user must consume; differences in costs between methods; and differences in cost for each method from country to country.

05 Significant yet uneven growth in the decade ahead

CGA 2019 does not attempt to predict future changes, but rather show where things would be if current trends persist.

By the year 2020, there will be 73.2 million users of contraception living in UNFPA’s 46 priority countries. According to current trends, that number will reach 115 million by 2030, an increase of 42 million users.

As the total number of users changes, so too will the costs. In 2020, the cost of supplies in UNFPA’s 46 priority countries will be $371 million. That figure will reach $577 million by 2030, an increase of $207 million.

Visit www.rhsupplies.org/cga-hub to learn more and view the interactive online report.