



UN Commission on Life Saving commodities

Progress to date and the post-2015 agenda

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Agenda

- Review the main areas of work to advance the UNCoLSC recommendations
- Discussion of post-2015 priorities

1. Shaping global markets
2. Shaping local delivery markets
3. Innovative Financing
4. Quality strengthening
5. Regulatory efficiency
6. Supply and awareness
7. Demand and utilization
8. Reaching women and children
9. Performance and accountability
10. Product innovation

Reproductive health

Female condoms
Implants

Emergency
contraception

Maternal health

Oxytocin

Misoprostol

Magnesium sulfate

Newborn health

Injectable antibiotics

Antenatal
corticosteroids
Chlorhexidine

Child health

Resuscitation
equipment

Amoxicillin

Oral rehydration salts

Zinc

*Accelerate
achievement
of
MDGs 4 and 5*

Activities undertaken to implement the UNCoLSC mandate

Global support: Technical Resource Teams (TRTs)

Country support: Technical and financial support to country RMNCH plans

R

M

RMNCH COMMODITY TRTs

Technical guidance: NB commodities, implants
Manufacturers identified for all commodities

N

C

New product innovation: oxytocin in the cold chain;
packaging of Amox –DT; improved MgSO4 packaging;
heat-stable oxytocin

GLOBAL REGULATION, MARKETS AND POLICY

Secure price reductions

Local manufacturing

Update **EMLs** and **treatment guidelines**

WHO Pre-qualification

Fast-track registration of priority commodities

Post-market survey

Model **pharmaco-vigilance** program

SUPPLY CHAIN

Best-practice materials

ICT innovations: LMIS-HMIS integration, c-Stock

Forecasting: needs and demands-based

Support for **commodity security strategies**

DEMAND, ACCESS AND PERFORMANCE

Tool-kits: Integrated RMNCH demand generation

Technical support to countries

Financial access: Mapping of user-fees and access barriers

Procurement support: feasibility study revolving fund for commodity procurement

Health worker support: Design and deploy high quality, adaptable job-aids, check-lists and training materials

ADVOCACY TRT

Design **Advocacy tool-kit** and messaging framework

Technical assistance for country-led policy change

DIGITAL HEALTH TRT

Create inventory of **e-and m-Health tools**

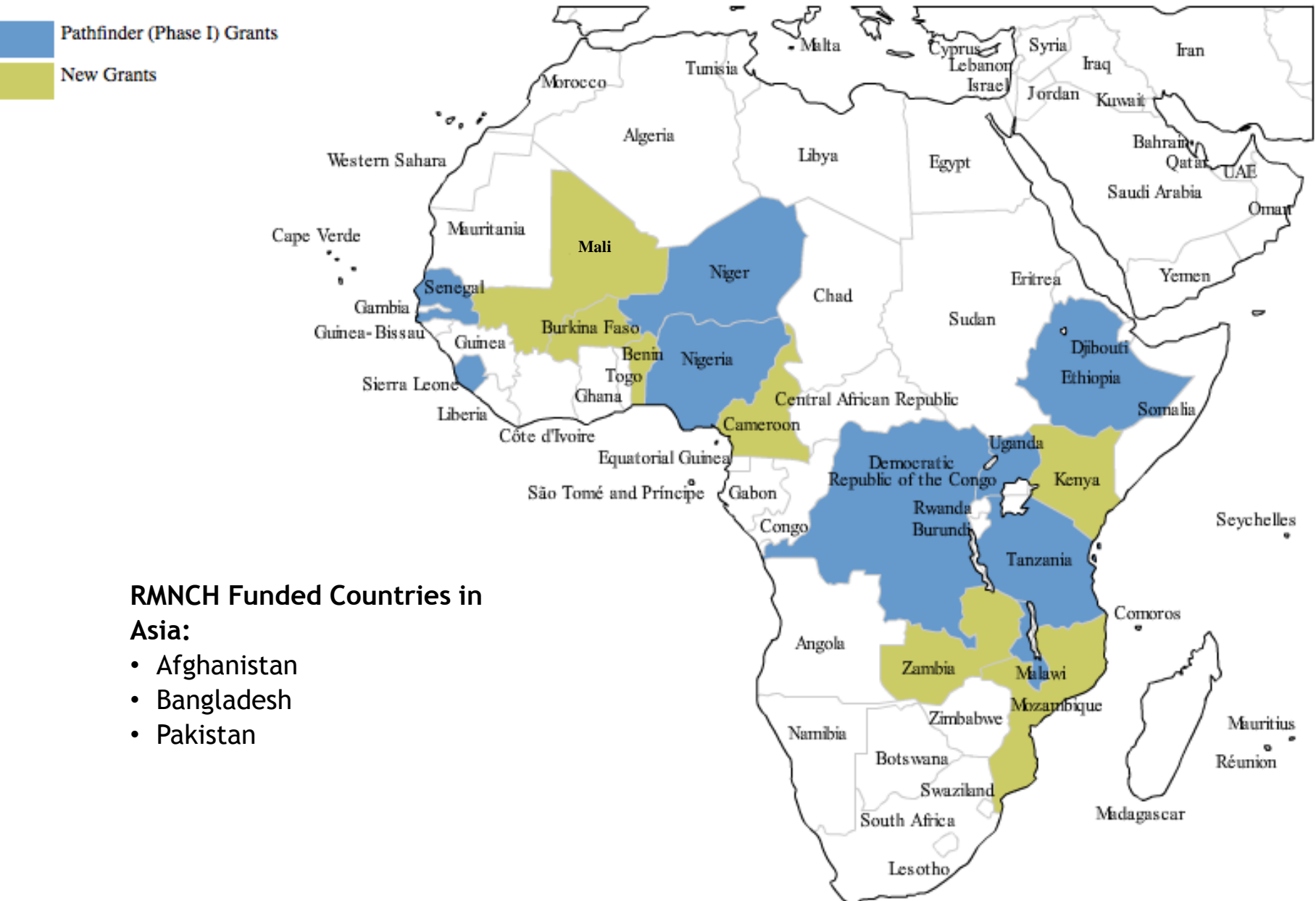
Coordination of technical support for country programs

Activities undertaken to implement the UNCoLSC mandate

Global support: Technical Resource Teams (TRTs)

Country support: Technical and financial support to country RMNCH plans

RMNCH Fund Supported 19 Countries (2013-2015)

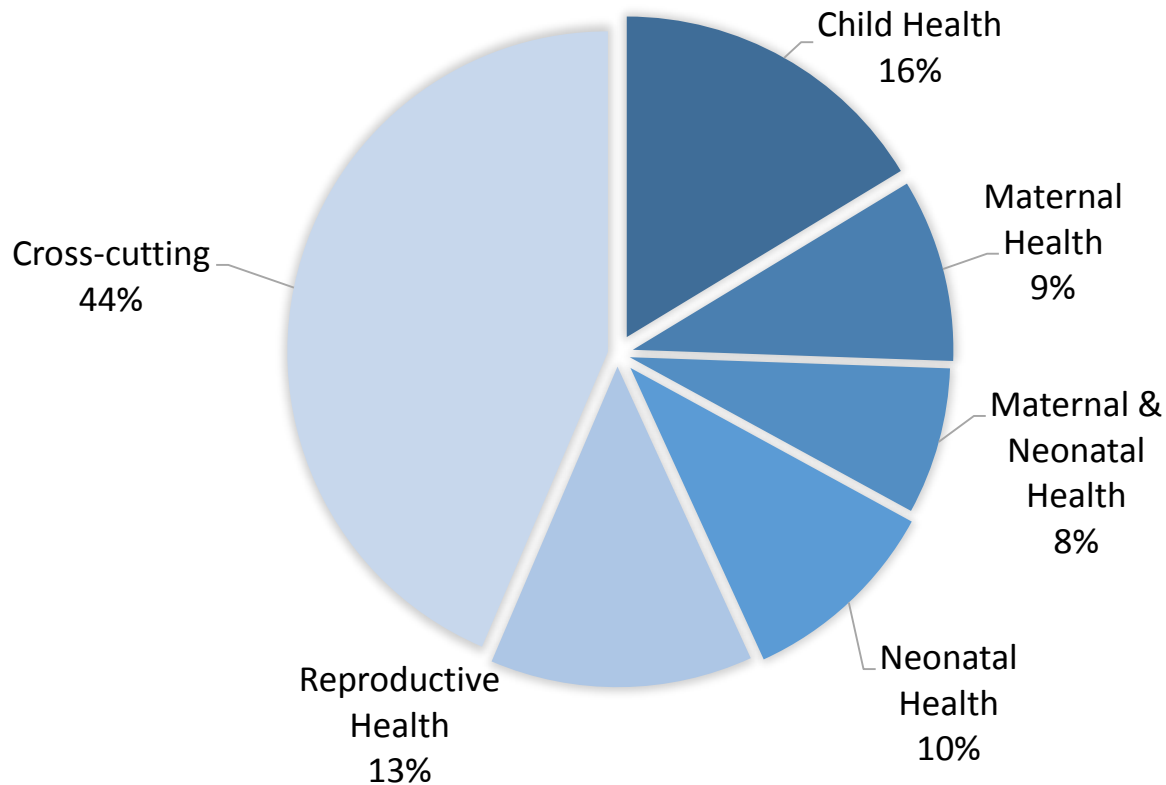


RMNCH Funded Countries in Asia:

- Afghanistan
- Bangladesh
- Pakistan

Overall balance between RMNC and cross-cutting efforts

~ \$200 million; 19 countries



19% of resources supported direct commodity procurement

Largest share of financing supports downstream interventions

UNCoLSC Recommendation	# Countries (Total = 19)	Selected examples	
2. Shaping local markets	3	Mapping of market size and manufacturing capacity Supporting local manufacturers with new product introduction	\$0.9 m (0.5%)
3. Innovative financing	6	PBF strategies implemented/planned	\$3.0 m (1.7%)
4. Quality strengthening	8	Prequalification of new products by reg. agencies, building post market surveillance capacity, training drug inspectors	\$1.3 m (0.8%)
5. Regulatory efficiency	10	Update of EMLs, treatment guidelines with LSCs	\$4.5 m (2.6%)
6. Supply and awareness	19	District level quantification, m-Health tools for stock monitoring, integrated LMIS systems, Commodity purchase	\$53.2m (30.3%)
7. Demand and utilization	18	Community mobilization, advocacy efforts, printing and dissemination of media materials	\$21.1 m (12.0%)
8. Reaching women & children	6	Maternal health vouchers, Telecommunication-availing toll free numbers for calls to ambulance	\$2.5 m (1.5%)
9. Performance & accountability	19	Staffing, training, mentorship and support supervision, Development of job aids, checklists across countries	\$88.5 m (50.4%)
10. Product innovation	3	Innovative ways to package products- Zinc & ORS, misoprostol, magnesium sulfate	\$0.3 m (0.2%)

Illustrative examples of country-level progress

- Updating **Essential Medicines Lists** and **Treatment Guidelines**
- **Registration** of two new products
- **Local manufacturers** certified to produce life saving commodities (CHX, Zinc)
- **Market shaping** efforts achieved a 60 per cent reduction in import price for zinc and ORS
- Conducted EMONC Assessment
- Regional **quantification** workshops held for life saving commodities
- **Training:** Update training materials to include the priority commodities
- **Private sector:** Training and information package on Emergency Contraception and misoprostol developed and disseminated to private pharmacists
- **Health care workers training** on the use of Misoprostol, MgSO₄, Oxytocin, Implanon
- **Demand generation:** Trained community stakeholders on access to RMNCH services
 - Teacher training on sexuality and contraception
- **Community Health Workers:** Support for integrated community case management scale-up
- **Supply chain:** Updated and training on revised LMIS SOPs; Expand c-stock facility monitoring system nationally
- **Digital Health:** Educated and supervised public and private providers using the following e-learning curricula (i) Computer assisted IMCI training - ICATT (ii) USSD Health Wiki eLearning MNCH

Post 2015 priorities

Enhance global coordination

- Updated Global Strategy
 - 2030 targets
 - RMNCAH
- Joint coordination mechanism
 - Global and country-level TA
- Global public goods
 - UNCoLSC Unfinished Agenda - Market shaping, regulatory efficiency, quality, monitoring
 - Civil Registration Vital-events Surveillance

Expand support to countries

- Global Financing Facility
- Loan (IDA Financing) + Grants
- RMNCAH Investment Cases
 - Build on existing planning and processes
 - IHP+
 - Resource/programmatic alignment
- 4 frontrunner countries: Kenya, Tanzania, Ethiopia, DRC
- 8 wave 2 countries: Bangladesh, Cameroon, India, Liberia, Mozambique, Nigeria, Senegal, Uganda