



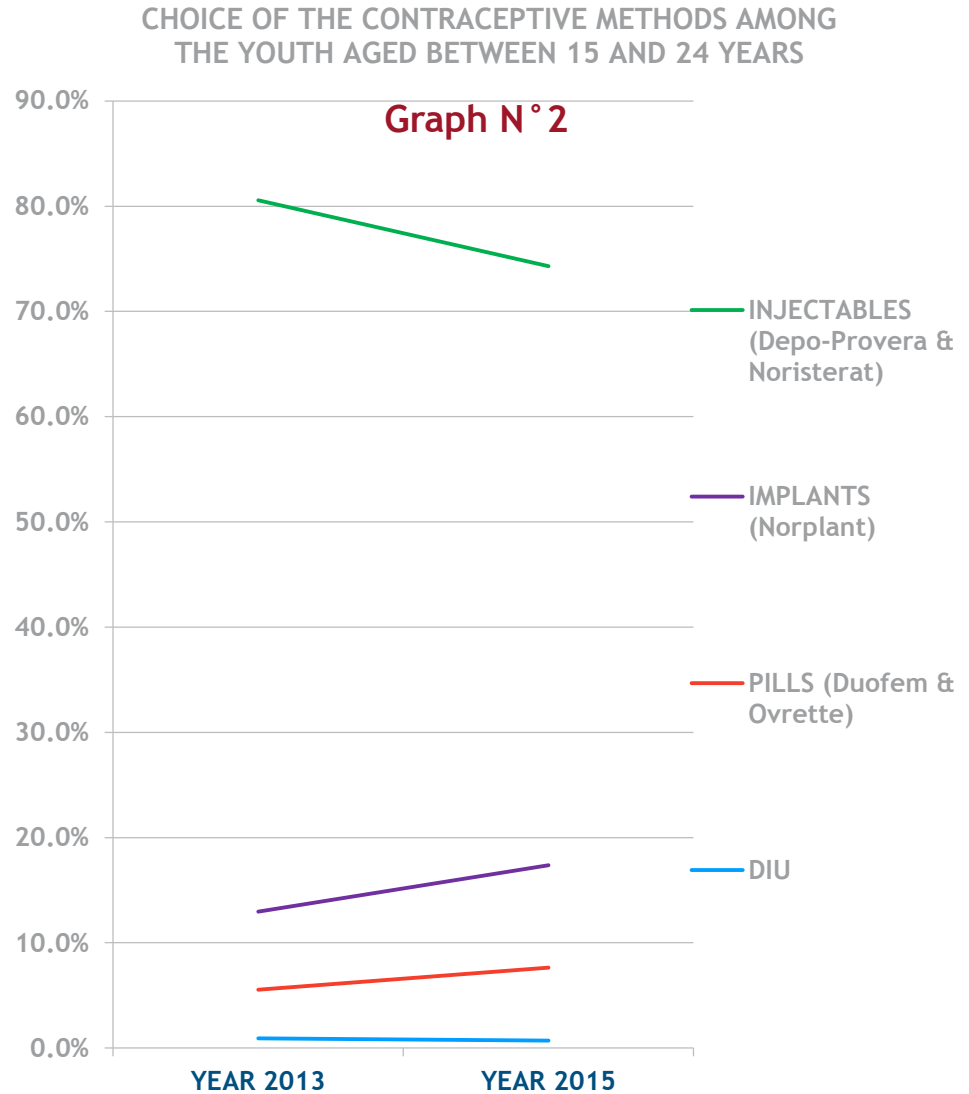
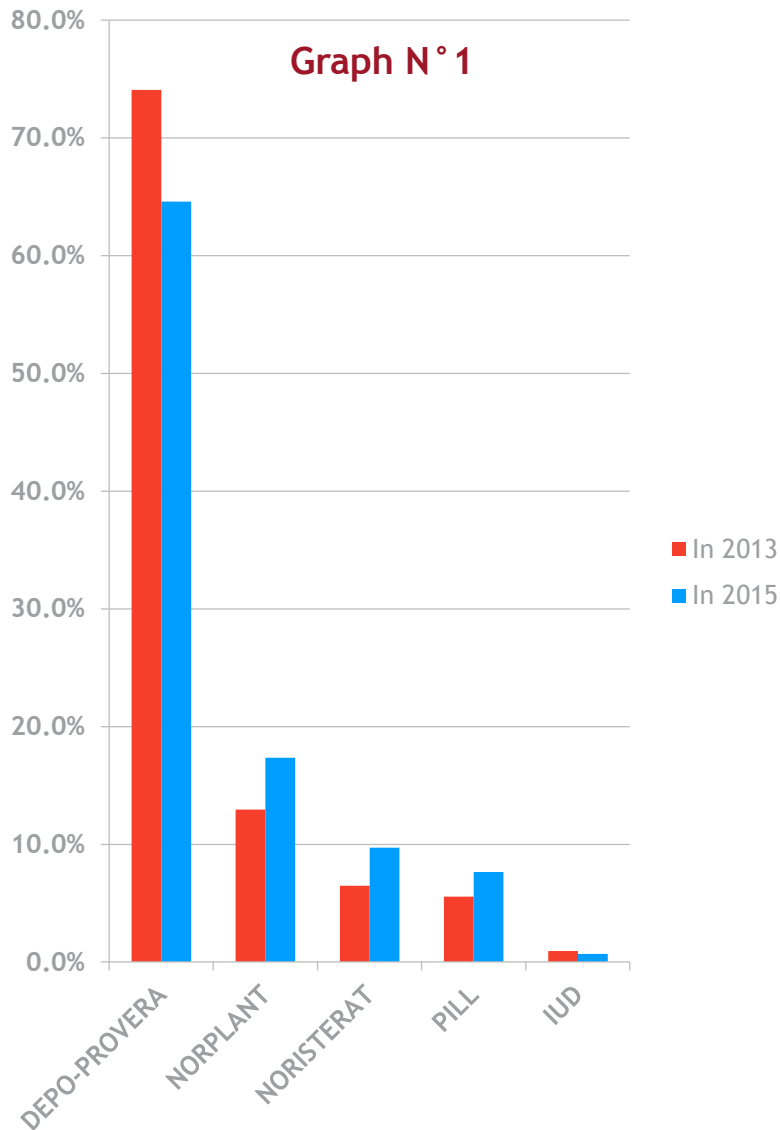
## YOUTH AND CHOICE

MOTIVATIONS TO CHOOSE A METHOD OR THE OTHER

Presented by : Senamede COMLA | CILSIDA | TOGO

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# The use of the condoms is not taken in account in our analysis



**Distribution of 21% of young people through modern contraceptive methods**

## YOUTH'S MOTIVATIONS TO CHOOSE A METHOD OR THE OTHER?

Methods	Duration	Reasons of use	Reasons of use insufficiency
DEPO-PROVERA	3 months	Preference for a length a few short	Return slow to the fertility
NORISTERAT	2 months		
NORPLANT	5 years	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Long length</li> <li>• Free in mobile strategy and at the time of the campaigns of subsidies (formations of the trainees, days open doors)</li> </ul>	Elevated cost in stationary strategy
IUD	12 years		
PILL	Daily	Reduce the risks of the breast cancers and the collar of the uterus	Taken daily forcing as the hold of the ARV

The first parameter to consider is the **length (duration)** and the second is the **cost**.

The reasons that imply this use are bound use to **middle** and **long term** effect of these products.

## WHAT TO DO THEN ?

**Low  
contraceptive  
prevalence rate  
among youth**

11,7% - (15 to 19 years) and  
12% - (20 to 24 years) in 2013

Orientations  
of the  
proximity  
activities

Young  
Parents  
Leaders of  
opinion

Availability /  
insufficiency of  
the financial  
and human  
resources

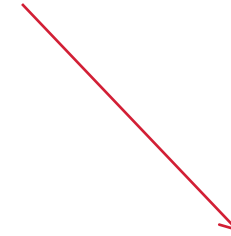
Innovating  
projects

Availability /  
insufficiency  
of the  
material  
resources

Use of the  
ICTs

Backing of the  
convivial services of  
YOUTH through visits  
at home and of the  
cell phones

**Communication**  
(intra-family approach)



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For most women, including women who want to have children, **contraception** is not an option; it **is a basic health care necessity.**

-- Louise Slaughter --